STA 3431 (Monte Carlo Methods), Fall 2021

Homework #3 Assignment: worth 18% of final course grade.

Due: On Quercus by 11:00 p.m. <u>sharp</u> (Toronto time) on Friday November 26.

NOTE: All of the GENERAL NOTES from HW#1 still apply.

THE ACTUAL ASSIGNMENT:

1. [6] Again let A, B, C, and D be the last four digits of your student number. Consider the standard <u>variance components model</u> described in lecture, with K = 6 and $J_i \equiv 5$, and $\{Y_{ij}\}$ the famous "dyestuff" data (from the file "Rdye"), and prior values $a_1 = 0.001/(5+A)$, $b_1 = 0.001/(5+B), a_2 = 0.001/(5+C), b_2 = 0.001/(5+D)$, and $a_3 = b_3 = 1600$.

<u>Estimate</u> (as best as you can, together with a discussion of accuracy etc.) the posterior mean of V/W using a <u>full-dimensional</u> Metropolis or Metropolis-Hastings algorithm.

[Hint: You may wish to work with $\log \pi$ instead of π . And, be sure to find some reasonable starting values so that $\pi(x_0)$ does not evaluate numerically to 0.]

2. [6] Repeat Question #1, but this time using a <u>componentwise</u> Metropolis or Metropolis-Hastings algorithm instead of full-dimensional. (Include some discussion of how this algorithm's performance compares to that of Question #1.)

3. [6] Repeat Question #1, but this time using a <u>Gibbs sampler</u> instead of Metropolis-Hastings (including first <u>deriving</u> from scratch all of the required conditional distributions, whether or not they were described in lecture). (Include some discussion of how this algorithm's performance compares to that of Questions #1 and #2.)

[Hint: If X=rgamma(shape=a,rate=b) in R, then $1/X \sim IG(a, b)$.]

[END; total points = 18]